

The complete mitochondrial genome of blacktip sardinella, *Sardinella melanura* (Clupeiformes: Clupeidae)

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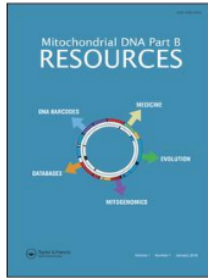
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The complete mitochondrial genome of blacktip sardinella, *Sardinella melanura* (Clupeiformes: Clupeidae)

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ABSTRACT

The mitochondrial genome of a blacktip sardinella, *Sardinella melanura* was determined by high-throughput sequencing (HTS) technique. The mitochondrial genome of *S. melanura* (16,646 bp), encoded the canonical 37 mitochondrial structural genes (13 protein-coding genes (PCGs), 22 tRNA genes, two rRNA genes). The gene arrangement of *S. melanura* was identical to its relative species including *Sardinella lemuru*, *Sardinella longiceps* and *Sardinella gibbosa*. Except for COX1 (GTG), all the other PCGs showed the typical ATG as start codon. Incomplete stop codons were identified in ND2, COX2, COX3, ND3, ND4, and *Cytb*. The phylogenetic tree result showed that *S. melanura* was most closely related to *S. jussieu*, *S. lemuru*, and *Sardinella maderansis* with 83% identity, respectively.

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KEYWORDS

High-throughput sequencing; *Sardinella melanura*; mitogenome; Indonesia; clupeidae



The region of Indo-west Pacific ocean is known for the high diversity of clupeid species, some of which are still taxonomically ambiguous awaiting the clear description (Thomas et al. 2014). The blacktip sardinella, *Sardinella melanura* is a marine amphidromous clupeid species, which is commercially important in South-west and South-east Asia (Whitehead et al. 1985; Pedrosa-Gerasmio et al. 2015; Nelson et al. 2016). For the effective and scientific management of *S. melanura* with its relative species sharing the habitats, its genetic information should be required. In this study, the complete mitogenome of *S. melanura* was determined by Illumina MiSeq platform and its phylogenetic relationship with other clupeid species was analyzed.

The specimen was collected from the coastal water in Banyuwangi, East Java, Indonesia (8°12'07.52"S 114°23'07.18"E) and stored at University of Airlangga, Indonesia. Species identification of the specimen was confirmed by both its keys morphological characteristics and 100% nucleotide sequence identity of the COI region to the database (KX223945). The mitochondrial DNA extracted by a commercial kit (Abcam, Cambridge, UK) was further fragmented into the smaller sizes (~350bp) by Covaris M220 Focused-Ultrasonicator (Covaris Inc., Woburn, MA, USA). A library for sequencing was constructed by TruSeq[®] RNA library preparation kit V2 (Illumina Inc., San Diego, CA, USA) and its quality and the quantity was analyzed by 2100 Bioanalyzer (Agilent Technologies, Santa Clara, CA, USA). DNA

sequencing was performed by Illumina MiSeq sequencer (2 × 300bp pair ends). The complete mitogenome was assembled by Geneious v 11.0.2 (Kearse et al. 2012) and tRNA structures were predicted by ARWEN (Laslett and Carnack 2008).

The complete mitochondrial genome of *S. melanura* (MH995532) was 16,646 bp in length, which consisted of 13 protein-coding genes (PCGs), 22 tRNAs, 2 ribosomal RNAs (12S and 16S), and 2 non-coding regions including the origin of light strand replication (*OL*) and the putative control region (*D-Loop*). The gene arrangement of *S. melanura* was identical to its relatives, *Sardinella lemuru* (Jiang et al. 2018), *Sardinella longiceps*, and *Sardinella gibbosa* (Sebastian et al. 2017). Twelve PCGs were on the heavy strand, except for the ND6. Three conserved tRNA clusters (IQM, WANCY, and HSL) were also well conserved (Satoh et al. 2016). All the tRNAs were predicted to form the typical stem-loop secondary structures as shown in its relative species *S. lemuru*. Two non-coding regions, *OL* and *D-Loop* was located between tRNA^{Asn} and tRNA^{Cys} and between tRNA^{Pro} and tRNA^{Phe}, respectively. Except for COX1 (GTG), all the other PCGs showed the typical ATG as start codon. Incomplete stop codons were identified in ND2, COX2, COX3, ND3, ND4, and *Cytb*.

The phylogenetic tree of *S. melanura* with 17 clupeid species was constructed by MEGA7 with minimum evolutionary (ME) algorithm (Kumar et al. 2016). This result showed that

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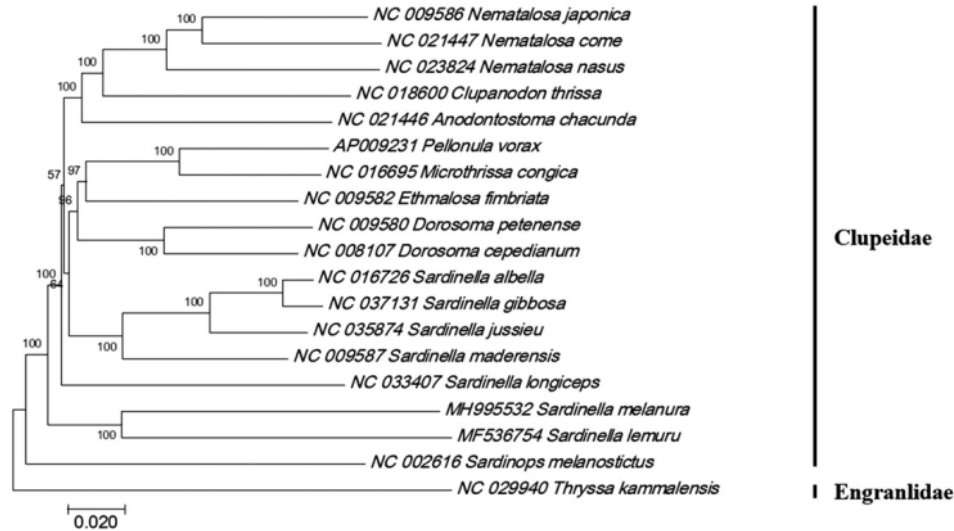


Figure 1. Phylogenetic tree of *Sardinella melanura* within family Clupeidae. Phylogenetic tree of the mitochondrial complete genomes in Clupeidae was constructed by MEGA7 software by Minimum Evolution (ME) algorithm with 1000 bootstrap replications. The number at each node is bootstrap probability. GenBank Accession numbers were shown followed each scientific name.

S. melanura was most closely related to *S. jussieu* (Sektiana et al. 2017), *S. lemuru*, and *Sardinella maderensis* with 83% identity (Figure 1).

Disclosure statement

The authors report that they have no conflicts of interest. The authors alone are responsible for the content and writing of the paper.

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